



## General Practice Primary Privacy Notice

### Protecting Your Data

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## Introduction

This primary privacy notice explains in detail why we use your personal data which we, the GP practice, (Data Controller), collects and processes about you. A Data Controller determines how the data will be processed and used with the GP practice and with others who we share this data with. We are legally responsible for ensuring that all personal data that we hold, and use is done so in a way that meets the data protection principles under the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) and Data Protection Act 2018. This notice also explains how we handle that data and keep it safe.

### Caldicott Guardian

The GP Practice also has a Caldicott Guardian. A Caldicott Guardian is a senior person within a health or social care organisation, preferably a health professional, who makes sure that the personal information about those who use its services is used legally, ethically, and appropriately, and that confidentiality is maintained. The Caldicott Guardian for the GP practice is: **Dr Michael Linton**

### Data Protection Officer (DPO)

Under UK GDPR all public bodies must nominate a Data Protection Officer. The DPO is responsible for advising on compliance, training and awareness and is the main point of contact with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO). The DPO for the practice is:

**Dr Michael Linton**

**01706 646234**

We will continually review and update this privacy notice to reflect changes in our services and to comply with changes in the Law. When such changes occur, we will revise the last updated date as documented in the version status in the header of this document.

## What we do?

We are here to provide care and treatment to you as our patients. To do this, the GP practice keeps personal demographic data about you such as your name, address, date of birth, telephone numbers, email address, NHS Number etc and your health and care information. Information is needed so we can provide you with the best possible health and care. We also use your data to:

- Confirm your identity to provide these services and those of your family / carers
- Understand your needs to provide the services that you request



- Obtain your opinion on our services (with consent)
- Prevent and detect fraud and corruption in the use of public funds
- Make sure we meet our statutory obligations, including those related to diversity and equalities
- Adhere to a legal requirement that will allow us to use or provide information (e.g. a formal Court Order or legislation)

## Definition of Data Types

We use the following types of information / data:

### Personal Data

This contains details that identify individuals even from one data item or a combination of data items. The following are demographic data items that are considered identifiable such as name, address, NHS Number, full postcode, date of birth. Under UK GDPR, this now includes location data and online identifiers.

### Special categories of data (previously known as sensitive data)

This is personal data consisting of information as to: race, ethnic origin, political opinions, health, religious beliefs, trade union membership, sexual life and previous criminal convictions. Under UK GDPR, this now includes biometric data and genetic data.

### Personal Confidential Data (PCD)

This term came from the [Caldicott review](#) undertaken in 2013 and describes personal information about identified or identifiable individuals, which should be kept private or secret. It includes personal data and special categories of data but it is adapted to include dead as well as living people and 'confidential' includes both information 'given in confidence' and 'that which is owed a duty of confidence'.

### Pseudonymised Data or Coded Data

Individual-level information where individuals can be distinguished by using a coded reference, which does not reveal their 'real world' identity. When data has been pseudonymised it still retains a level of detail in the replaced data by use of a key / code or pseudonym that should allow tracking back of the data to its original state.

### Anonymised Data

This is data about individuals but with all identifying details removed. Data can be considered anonymised when it does not allow identification of the individuals to whom it relates, and it is not possible that any individual could be identified from the data by any further processing of that data or by processing it together with other information which is available or likely to be available.



## Aggregated Data

This is statistical information about multiple individuals that has been combined to show general trends or values without identifying individuals within the data.

## Our data processing activities

The law on data protection under the UK GDPR sets out several different reasons for which personal data can be processed for. The law states that we must inform you what the legal basis is for processing personal data and also if we process special category of data such as health data what the condition is for processing.

The types of processing we carry out in the GP practice and the legal bases and conditions we use to do this are outlined below:

### Provision of Direct Care and administrative purposes within the GP practice

<b>Type of Data</b>	Personal Data – demographics Special category of data – Health data
<b>Source of Data</b>	Patient and other health and care providers
<b>Legal Basis and Condition for processing special category of data under UK GDPR</b>	Article 6 (1)(e) - Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority  Article 9(2)(h) - Processing is necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health and social care or treatment or the management of health and social care systems
<b>Common Law Duty of Confidentiality basis</b>	Implied Consent

Direct care means a clinical, social or public health activity concerned with the prevention, investigation and treatment of illness and the alleviation of suffering of individuals. This is carried out by one or more registered and regulated health or social care professionals and their team with whom the individual has a legitimate relationship with. In addition, this also covers administrative purposes which are in the patient's reasonable expectations.

To explain this, a patient has a legitimate relationship with a GP in order for them to be treated and the GP practice staff process the data in order to keep up to date records and to send referral letters etc.

Other local administrative purposes include waiting list management, performance against national targets, activity monitoring, local clinical audit and production of datasets to submit for national collections.

This processing covers the majority of our tasks to deliver health and care services to you. When we use the above legal basis and condition to process your data for direct care, consent



under UK GDPR is not needed. However, we must still satisfy the common law duty of confidentiality and we rely on implied consent. For example, where a patient agrees to a referral from one healthcare professional to another and where the patient agrees this implies their consent.

## Accelerated Patient Access to Records

The NHS wants to give people better ways to see their personal health information online. We know that people want to be able to access their health records. It can help you see test results faster. It also lets you read and review notes from your appointments in your own time.

We're now letting you see all the information within your health record automatically. If you are over 16 and have an online account, such as through the [NHS App](#), [NHS website](#), or another online primary care service, you will now be able to see all future notes and health records from your doctor (GP). Some people can already access this feature, this won't change for you.

This means that you will be able to see notes from your appointments, as well as test results and any letters that are saved on your records. This only applies to records from your doctor (GP), not from hospitals or other specialists. You will only be able to see information from 11<sup>th</sup> October 2023. For most people, access will be automatic, and you won't need to do anything.

Your doctor (GP) may talk to you to discuss test results before you are able to see some of your information on the app. Your doctor (GP) may also talk to you before your full records access is given to make sure that having access is of benefit to you. There might be some sensitive information on your record, so you should talk to your doctor if you have any concerns.

These changes only apply to people with online accounts. If you do not want an online account, you can still access your health records by requesting this information through reception. The changes also only apply to personal information about you. If you are a carer and would like to see information about someone you care for, speak to reception staff.

The NHS App, website and other online services are all very secure, so no one is able to access your information except you. You'll need to make sure you protect your login details. Don't share your password with anyone as they will then have access to your personal information.

If you do not want to see your health record, or if you would like more information about these changes, please speak to your GP or reception staff

## Medicines Management and Optimisation

Type of Data	Personal Data – demographics Special category of data – Health data
Source of Data	GP Practice



<b>Legal Basis and Condition for processing special category of data under UK GDPR</b>	Article 6 (1)(e) - Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority  Article 9 (2)(h) - Processing is necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health and social care or treatment or the management of health and social care systems
<b>Common Law Duty of Confidentiality basis</b>	Implied Consent

NHS GM (HMR Locality) pharmacists work with GP practices to provide advice on medicines and prescribing queries, process repeat prescription requests and review prescribing of medicines to ensure that it is safe and cost-effective. This may require the use of identifiable information.

In cases where identifiable data is required, this is done with practice agreement and in the case of repeat prescription processing with patient consent. No data is removed from the practice's clinical system and no changes are made to patient's records without permission from the GP. Patient records are viewed in the Practice.

Where specialist support is required (e.g. to order a drug that comes in solid form in gas or liquid form) NHS GM (HMR Locality) medicines optimisation pharmacists will order this on behalf of a GP to support your care. Identifiable data is used for this purpose.

Identifiable data is also used by our pharmacists in order to review and authorise (if appropriate) requests for high-cost drugs which are not routinely funded. In cases where identifiable data is used, this is done with the consent of the patients.

## The Greater Manchester Care Record

<b>Type of data</b>	Personal Data – demographics Special category of data – Health data
<b>Source of Data</b>	GP Practice and other care providers
<b>Legal basis and Condition for processing special Category of data under UK GDPR</b>	Article 6 (1)(e) - Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority  Article 9 (2)(h) - Processing is necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health and social care or treatment or the management of health and social care systems
<b>Common Law Duty of Confidentiality basis</b>	Implied Consent

Sharing your patient information is critical in supporting your care and treatment, especially in situations such as the COVID-19 pandemic. This is where the Greater Manchester Care Record (GMCR) comes in.



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Health and care organisations across Greater Manchester have accelerated the deployment of the GMCR for all citizens to provide frontline professionals with vital information in the fight against COVID-19.

The GM Care Record allows workers in health or social care easy access to patient information that is critical to support decision-making about patient care and treatment.

It shares important information about your health and care including:

- Any current health or care issues
- Your medications
- Allergies you may have
- Results of any recent tests that you may have had
- Details on any plans created for your care or treatment
- Information on any social care or carer support you may receive

The GMCR pulls patient information from several important areas of health and care including:

- primary care e.g. GP practices
- community services
- mental health services
- social care
- secondary care e.g. hospitals
- specialist services e.g. NWAS

It's an extension of our existing **Share for You** integrated care records that are already live across the North-East Sector of Greater Manchester. However, the GMCR collates patient information from across the whole of Greater Manchester into one place, making it easily accessible for health and care workers to inform direct care from across geographies and organisations.

It means that patients won't have to keep repeating their medical history to each professional in different organisations, care plans will be followed consistently, and clinicians will be better equipped to identify patterns and plan care more effectively to meet the patients' needs.

The amount of data that the GMCR holds is increasing all the time. Data is constantly being added, so that a combined record can be developed for all our citizens to help better decision making and more informed care and treatment.

In response to the pandemic, the GMCR also includes information about when a patient has been diagnosed with COVID-19 and whether they are self-isolating at home or have been hospitalised. This ensures continuity of care across different care settings and alternatives such as digital support can be put in place.



The project has been overseen by Health Innovation Manchester and the GM Health and Social Care Partnership, working on behalf of GM’s devolved health and care partners. For further information on the GMCR, please refer to the [GMCR privacy notice](#)

## Purposes other than direct care (secondary use)

This is information which is used for non-healthcare purposes. Generally, this could be for research purposes, audits, service management, safeguarding, commissioning, complaints and patient and public involvement.

When your personal information is used for secondary use this should, where appropriate, be limited and de-identified so that the secondary uses process is confidential.

### Safeguarding

<b>Type of Data</b>	Personal Data – demographics Special category of data – Health data
<b>Source of Data</b>	Patient and other health and care providers
<b>Legal Basis and Condition for processing special category of data under UK GDPR</b>	Article 6 (1)(e) - Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority  Article 9 (2)(b) - Processing is necessary for the purposes of carrying out the obligations and exercising the specific rights of the controller or the data subject in the field of ...social protection law
<b>Common Law Duty of Confidentiality basis</b>	Overriding Public Interest / children and adult safeguarding legislation

Information is provided to care providers to ensure that adult and children's safeguarding matters are managed appropriately. Access to personal data and health information will be shared in some limited circumstances where it's legally required for the safety of the individuals concerned. For the purposes of safeguarding children and vulnerable adults, personal and healthcare data is disclosed under the provisions of the Children Acts 1989 and 2006 and Care Act 2014.

### Risk Stratification

<b>Type of Data</b>	Personal Data – demographics Special category of data – Health data
<b>Source of Data</b>	GP Practice and other care providers
<b>Legal Basis and Condition for processing special</b>	Article 6 (1)(c) - Processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation



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<b>category of data under UK GDPR</b>	Article 9(2)(h) - Processing is necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health and social care or treatment or the management of health and social care systems  Section 251 NHS Act 2006
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Risk stratification entails applying computer-based algorithms, or calculations to identify those patients who are most at risk from certain medical conditions and who will benefit from clinical care to help prevent or better treat their condition. To identify those patients individually from the patient community would be a lengthy and time-consuming process which would by its nature potentially not identify individuals quickly and increase the time to improve care. A GP / health professional reviews this information before a decision is made.

The use of personal and health data for risk stratification has been approved by the Secretary of State, through the Confidentiality Advisory Group of the Health Research Authority (known as Section 251 approval). This approval allows your GP or staff within your GP Practice who are responsible for providing your care, to see information that identifies you, but NHS GM (HMR Locality) staff will only be able to see information in a format that does not reveal your identity.

NHS England encourages GPs to use risk stratification tools as part of their local strategies for supporting patients with long-term conditions and to help and prevent avoidable admissions.

Knowledge of the risk profile of our population helps to commission appropriate preventative services and to promote quality improvement.

Risk stratification tools use various combinations of historic information about patients, for example, age, gender, diagnoses and patterns of hospital attendance and admission and primary care data collected in GP practice systems.

Our data processor for Risk Stratification purposes is the NHS GM (HMR Locality) Business Intelligence (BI) team.

If you do not wish information about you to be included in our risk stratification programme, please contact the GP Practice. We can add a code to your records that will stop your information from being used for this purpose. Please see the section below regarding objections for using data for secondary uses.

## National Clinical Audits

<b>Type of Data</b>	Personal Data – demographics Special category of data – Health data Pseudonymised Anonymised
<b>Source of Data</b>	GP Practice and other care providers



<b>Legal Basis and Condition for processing special category of data under UK GDPR</b>	<p>Article 6 (1)(c) - Processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation</p> <p>Article 9(2)(h) - Processing is necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health and social care or treatment or the management of health and social care systems</p> <p>Section 251 NHS Act 2006, NHS Constitution (Health and Social Care Act 2012)</p>
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The GP practice contributes to national clinical audits and will send the data which are required by NHS Digital when the law allows. This may include demographic data such as data of birth and information about your health which is recorded in coded form, for example, the clinical code for diabetes or high blood pressure.

## Research

<b>Type of Data</b>	Personal Data – demographics Special category of data – health data
<b>Source of Data</b>	GP Practice
<b>Legal Basis and Condition for processing special category of data under UK GDPR</b>	<p>Article 6 (1)(e) - Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority</p> <p>Article 9 (2)(j) - Processing is necessary for...scientific or historical research purposes...</p> <p>Common law duty of confidentiality – explicit consent or if there is a legal statute for this which you will be informed of</p>

All NHS organisations (including Health & Social Care in Northern Ireland) are expected to participate and support health and care research. The Health Research Authority and government departments in Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales set standards for NHS organisations to make sure they protect your privacy and comply with the law when they are involved in research. Our research ethics committees review research studies to make sure that the research uses of data about you are in the public interest and meet ethical standards.

Health and care research may be exploring prevention, diagnosis or treatment of disease, which includes health and social factors in any disease area. Research may be sponsored by companies developing new medicines or medical devices, NHS organisations, universities or medical research charities. The research sponsor decides what information will be collected for the study and how it will be used.

Health and care research should serve the public interest, which means that research sponsors have to demonstrate that their research serves the interests of society as a whole. They do this



by following the UK Policy Framework for Health and Social Care Research. They also have to have a legal basis for any use of personally identifiable information.

## How patient information may be used for research

When you agree to take part in a research study, the sponsor will collect the minimum personally identifiable information needed for the purposes of the research project. Information about you will be used in the ways needed to conduct and analyse the research study. NHS organisations may keep a copy of the information collected about you. Depending on the needs of the study, the information that is passed to the research sponsor may include personal data that could identify you. You can find out more about the use of patient information for the study you are taking part in from the research team or the study sponsor. You can find out who the study sponsor is from the information you were given when you agreed to take part in the study.

For some research studies, you may be asked to provide information about your health to the research team, for example in a questionnaire. Sometimes information about you will be collected for research at the same time as for your clinical care, for example when a blood test is taken. In other cases, information may be copied from your health records. Information from your health records may be linked to information from other places such as central NHS records, or information about you collected by other organisations. You will be told about this when you agree to take part in the study.

Even though consent is not the legal basis for processing personal data for research, the common law duty of confidentiality is not changing, **so consent is still needed for people outside the care team to access and use confidential patient information for research**, unless you have support under the Health Service (Control of Patient Information Regulations) 2002 ('section 251 support') applying via the Confidentiality Advisory Group in England and Wales or similar arrangements elsewhere in the UK.

## Your choices about health and care research

If you are asked about taking part in research, usually someone in the care team looking after you will contact you. People in your care team may look at your health records to check whether you are suitable to take part in a research study, before asking you whether you are interested or sending you a letter on behalf of the researcher.

In some hospitals and GP practices, you may have the opportunity to sign up to a register to hear about suitable research studies that you could take part in. If you agree to this, then research nurses, researchers or administrative staff authorised by the organisation may look at your health records to see if you are suitable for any research studies.

It's important for you to be aware that if you are taking part in research, or information about you is used for research, your rights to access, change or move information about you are limited. This is because researchers need to manage your information in specific ways in order for the research to be reliable and accurate. If you withdraw from a study, the sponsor will keep



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the information about you that it has already obtained. They may also keep information from research indefinitely.

If you would like to find out more about why and how patient data is used in research, please visit the Understanding Patient Data website.

<https://understandingpatientdata.org.uk/what-you-need-know>

In England you can register your choice to opt out via the “Your Data Matters” webpage on the link below:

<https://www.nhs.uk/your-nhs-data-matters/>

If you do choose to opt out you can still agree to take part in any research study you want to, without affecting your ability to opt out of other research. You can also change your choice about opting out at any time.

To find out more about UK GDPR and using personal data for research, please visit the Health Research Authority website on the link below:

<https://www.hra.nhs.uk/hra-guidance-general-data-protection-regulation/>

## Current Research Projects

None at the moment

## Complaints

<b>Type of Data</b>	Personal Data – demographics Special category of data – health data
<b>Source of Data</b>	Data Subject, Primary Care, Secondary Care and Community Care
<b>Legal Basis and Condition for processing special category of data under UK GDPR</b>	Article 6 (1)(e) - Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority  Article 6(1)(c) - Processing is necessary for compliance with any legal obligation to which the controller is subject  Article 9 (2)(g) - Processing is necessary for the safeguarding of fundamental rights and the interests of the data subject  Common law duty of confidentiality – implied consent

If you contact the GP Practice about a complaint, you will be informed of how and with whom your data will be shared by us, including if you have or are a representative you wish the GP practice to deal with on your behalf.



## Purposes requiring consent

There are also other areas of processing undertaken where consent is required from you. Under UK GDPR, consent must be freely given, specific, you must be informed, and a record must be made that you have given your consent, to confirm you have understood.

### Patient and Public Involvement

<b>Type of Data</b>	Personal Data – demographics
<b>Source of Data</b>	GP Practice
<b>Legal Basis and Condition for processing special category of data under UK GDPR</b>	Article 6 (1)(a) – Explicit Consent Article 9 (2)(a) – Explicit Consent

If you have asked us to keep you regularly informed and up to date about the work of the GP Practice or if you are actively involved in our engagement and consultation activities or patient participation groups, we will collect and process personal confidential data which you share with us.

We obtain your consent for this purpose. Where you submit your details to us for involvement purposes, we will only use your information for this purpose. You can opt out at any time by contacting us using our contact details at the end of this document.

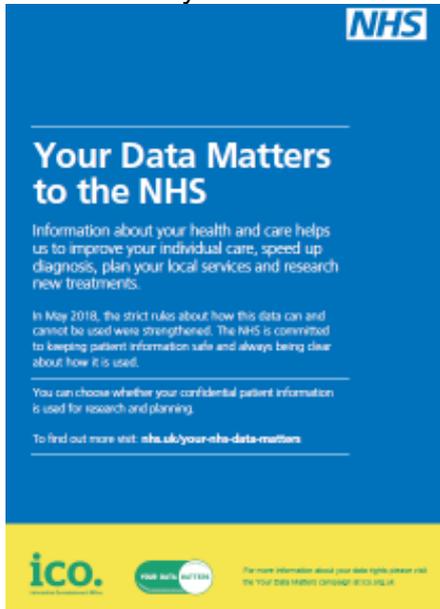
### Using anonymous or coded information

This type of data may be used to help assess the needs of the general population and make informed decisions about the provision of future services. Information can also be used to conduct health research and development and monitor NHS performance where the law allows this. Where information is used for statistical purposes, stringent measures are taken to ensure individual patients cannot be identified. Anonymous statistical information may also be passed to organisations with a legitimate interest, including universities, community safety units and research institutions.



## National Data Opt Out

Whenever you use a health



or care service, such as attending the practice, important information about you is collected in a patient record for that service. Collecting this information helps to ensure you get the best possible care and treatment.

The information collected about you when you use these services can also be used and provided to other organisations for purposes beyond your individual care, for instance to help with:

- improving the quality and standards of care provided
- research into the development of new treatments
- preventing illness and diseases
- monitoring safety
- planning services

This may only take place when there is a clear legal basis to use this information. All these uses help to provide better health and care for you, your family and future generations. Confidential patient information about your health and care is only used like this when allowed by law.

Most of the time, anonymised data is used for research and planning so that you cannot be identified in which case your confidential patient information isn't needed.

You have a choice about whether you want your confidential patient information to be used in this way. If you are happy with this use of information you do not need to do anything. If you do choose to opt-out your confidential patient information will still be used to support your individual care.

To find out more or to register your choice to opt out, please visit:  
[www.nhs.uk/your-nhs-data-matters](https://www.nhs.uk/your-nhs-data-matters)

On this web page you will:

- See what is meant by confidential patient information
- Find examples of when confidential patient information is used for individual care and examples of when it is used for purposes beyond individual care
- Find out more about the benefits of sharing data
- Understand more about who uses the data
- Find out how your data is protected
- Be able to access the system to view, set or change your opt-out setting
- Find the contact telephone number if you want to know any more or to set/change your opt-out by phone
- See the situations where the opt-out will not apply



You can also find out more about how patient information is used at:

<https://www.hra.nhs.uk/information-about-patients/> (which covers health and care research);

and,

<https://understandingpatientdata.org.uk/what-you-need-know> (which covers how and why patient information is used, the safeguards and how decisions are made)

You can change your mind about your choice at any time.

Data being used or shared for purposes beyond individual care does not include your data being shared with insurance companies or used for marketing purposes and data would only be used in this way with your specific agreement.

Health and care organisations had until 31 March 2022 to put systems and processes in place so they can apply your national data opt-out choice. Our organisation is able to apply your national data opt-out choice to any confidential patient information we may use or share with other organisations for purposes beyond your individual care.

## How we protect your personal data

We will use the information in a manner that conforms to the UK General Data Protection Regulations (UK GDPR) and Data Protection Act 2018. The information you provide will be subject to rigorous measures and procedures to make sure it can't be seen, accessed or disclosed to any inappropriate persons. We have an Information Governance Framework that explains the approach within the GP practice, our commitments and responsibilities to your privacy and cover a range of information and technology security areas.

Access to your personal confidential data is password protected on secure systems and securely locked in filing cabinet when on paper.

Our IT Services provider, Greater Manchester Shared Service, regularly monitor our system for potential vulnerabilities and attacks and look to always ensure security is strengthened.

All our staff have received up to date data security and protection training. They are obliged in their employment contracts to uphold confidentiality and may face disciplinary procedures if they do not do so. We have incident reporting and management processes in place for

reporting any data breaches or incidents. We learn from such events to help prevent further issues and inform patients of breaches when required.



## How long do we keep your personal data?

Whenever we collect or process your data, we will only keep it for as long as is necessary for the purpose it was collected. For a GP practice, we comply with the [Records Management NHS Code of Practice](#) which states that we keep records for 10 years after date of death. Following this time, the records are securely destroyed if stored on paper, or archived for research purposes where this applies.

### Destruction

This will only happen following a review of the information at the end of its retention period. Where data has been identified for disposal we have the following responsibilities:

- to ensure that information held in manual form is destroyed using a crosscut shredder or contracted to a reputable confidential waste company that complies with European Standard EN15713 and obtain certificates of destruction.
- to ensure that electronic storage media used to hold or process information are destroyed or overwritten to national standards.

## Who we share your data with?

As stated above, where your data is being processed for direct care this will be shared with other care providers who are providing direct care to you such as:

- NHS Trusts / Foundation Trusts
- GP's
- Independent Contractors such as dentists, opticians, pharmacists
- Private Sector Providers
- Voluntary Sector Providers
- Ambulance Trusts
- Social Care Services
- Out of hours providers
- Walk in centres
- Clinics

We work with third parties and suppliers (data processors) to be able for us to provide a service to you. These include:

- Emis – to provide our electronic clinical system
- NHS Greater Manchester Shared service – to provide our IT services
- Docman- to allow hospital letters and other documents to be stored as part of the patient medical record



- Solicitors/Insurance companies- when you have made a request for them to do so
- Department of work and pensions (DWP)- if you are claiming benefits
- PATCHS – to provide patients with digital access to triaging, video consultations and messaging services
- NHS GM (HMR Locality)
- Graphnet Health

There may be occasions whereby these organisations have potential access to your personal data, for example, if they are fixing an IT fault on the system. To protect your data, we have contracts and / or Information Sharing Agreements in place stipulating the data protection compliance they must have and re-enforce their responsibilities as a data processor to ensure your data is securely protected at all times.

We will not disclose your information to any 3<sup>rd</sup> party without your consent unless:

- there are exceptional circumstances (life or death situations)
- where the law requires information to be passed on as stated above
- required for fraud management – we may share information about fraudulent activity in our premises or systems. This may include sharing data about individuals with law enforcement bodies.
- It is required to be disclosed to the police or other enforcement, regulatory or government body for prevention and / or detection of crime

## Where is your data processed?

Your data is processed with the GP surgery and by other third parties as stated above who are UK based. Your personal data is not sent outside of the UK for processing.

Where information sharing is required with a country outside of the EU you will be informed of this and we will have a relevant Information Sharing Agreement in place. We will not disclose any health information without an appropriate lawful principle, unless there are exceptional circumstances such as when the health or safety of others is at risk, where the law requires it, or to carry out a statutory function i.e. reporting to external bodies to meet legal obligations

## What are your rights over your personal data?

You have the following rights over your data we hold:

- Subject Access Rights – you can request access to and or copies of personal data we hold about you, free of charge (subject to exemptions) and provided to you within 1 calendar month. We request that you provide us with adequate information in writing to process your request such as full name, address, date of birth, NHS number and details of your request and documents to verify your identity so we can process the request



efficiently. On processing a request, there may be occasions when information may be withheld if the organisation believes that releasing the information to you could cause serious harm to your physical or mental health. Information may also be withheld if another person (i.e. third party) is identified in the record, and they do not want their information disclosed to you. However, if the other person was acting in their professional capacity in caring for you, in normal circumstances they could not prevent you from having access to that information.

To request a copy or request access to information we hold about you and / or to request information to be corrected if it is inaccurate, please contact:

Megan Belfield, Stonefield Street Surgery, Milnrow & Newhey Medical Centre, Newhey Road, Rochdale. OL16 4JF Tel: 01706 646234

- Right to rectification - The correction of personal data when incorrect, out of date or incomplete which must be acted upon within 1 calendar month of receipt of such request. Please ensure the GP practice has the correct contact details for you.
- Right to withdraw consent - If we have your explicit consent for any processing we do, you have the right to withdraw that consent at any time
- Right to Erasure ('be forgotten')  
If we obtain consent for any processing we do, you have the right to have that data deleted / erased. Please note this does not apply to health records.
- Right to Data Portability  
If we obtain consent for any processing we do, you have the right to have data provided to you in a commonly used and machine-readable format such as excel spreadsheet, csv file.
- Right to object to processing – you have the right to object to processing however please note if we can demonstrate compelling legitimate grounds which outweighs the interest of you then processing can continue. If we didn't process any information about you and your health care it would be very difficult for us to care and treat you.
- Right to restriction of processing  
This right enables individuals to suspend the processing of personal information, for example, if you want to establish its accuracy or the reason for processing it.

## **Objections to processing for secondary purposes (other than direct care)**

The NHS Constitution states, "You have the right to request that your confidential information is not used beyond your own care and treatment and to have your objections considered". The possible consequences (i.e. lack of joined up care, delay in treatment if information has to be sourced from elsewhere, medication complications which all lead to the possibility of difficulties in providing the best level of care and treatment) will be fully explained to you to allow you to make an informed decision.

If you wish to opt out of your data being processed and / or shared onwards with other organisations for purposes not related to your direct care, please contact the surgery at:



Stonefield Street Surgery, Milnrow & Newhey Medical Centre, Newhey Road, Rochdale, OL16 4JF F.A.O Megan Belfield

## Complaints / Contacting the Regulator

If you feel that your data has not been handled correctly or you are unhappy with our response to any requests you have made to us regarding the use of your personal data, please contact our Data Protection Officer / Practice Manager at the following contact details:

Email us at: F.A.O Cat Felton [GMICB-HMR.Stonefieldstreetsurgery@nhs.net](mailto:GMICB-HMR.Stonefieldstreetsurgery@nhs.net)

Or write to us at: Cat Felton, Milnrow & Newhey Medical Centre, Newhey Road, Rochdale. OL16 4JF Tel: 01706 646234

If you are not happy with our responses and wish to take your complaint to an independent body, you have the right to lodge a complaint with the Information Commissioner's Office.

You can contact them by calling 0303 123 1133

Or go online to [www.ico.org.uk/concerns](http://www.ico.org.uk/concerns) (opens in a new window, please note we can't be responsible for the content of external websites)

## Further Information / Contact Us

We hope that the Privacy Notice has been helpful in setting out the way we handle your personal data and your rights to control it. Should you have any questions / or would like further information, please visit the websites below and / or contact either our Caldicott Guardian / Data Protection Officer / Practice Manager at the following contact details:

Dr Michael Linton

Stonefield Street Surgery, Milnrow & Newhey Medical Centre, Newhey Road, Rochdale. OL16 4JF. Tel: 01706 646234

### External Links

If you would like to find out more information on the wider health and care system approach to using personal information or other useful information, please click and / or search for the following on the internet:

- [Information Commissioners Office](#)
- [Information Governance Alliance](#)



# Stonefield Street Surgery

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- [NHS Digital National Data Opt Out Programme](#)
- [NHS Constitution](#)
- [NHS Care Record Guarantee](#)
- [NHS Digital Guide to Confidentiality in Health and Social Care](#)
- [Health Research Authority Health Research Authority Confidentiality Advisory Group \(CAG\)](#)
- [Access to patient records through the NHS App](#)